

Cultural Information – Brighamia
 (brig-AM-ee-uh)

<u>Light:</u>	Full or partial sun, a southern, eastern or western exposure.
<u>Temperature:</u>	Maintain indoor temperatures above 60°.
<u>Humidity:</u>	Tolerant to a wide range of air moisture
<u>Watering:</u>	Allow the potting mix to become visually dry between waterings and then thoroughly saturate the mix until some water trickles from the bottom of the pot. Growing in a clay pot will help ensure a healthy root system.
<u>Fertilizer:</u>	Moderate feeders. Use a balanced fertilizer, either water soluble like Dyna Gro 7-9-5 or a granular organic. The latter can be done once a month during the active growing season of spring to fall. The water solubles can be added to the irrigation water once a week at a diluted rate. We recommend using a low balanced fertilizer no higher than 15-15-15 for best results.
<u>Pruning:</u>	Little pruning, if any, is needed. It has a straight, thickened stem, or caudex, pruning can disrupt this form.
<u>Insects and Disease:</u>	Susceptible to spider mites and thrip. Also has susceptibility to bacterial leaf and stem rot. Be sure to keep the foliage dry during wet and humid weather.
<u>Comments</u>	Brighamia are great potted plants for windowsills. They like it above 60° and some direct sun. Be sure to watch for both spider mites and thrips and treat at first signs of infestation. Keep the leaves dry during high humidity or supply good air movement.