

Cultural Information – Calamintha
(kal-uh-MIN-tha)

<u>Light:</u>	Full sun, a southern exposure is best.
<u>Temperature:</u>	Hardy garden plant that can take harsh northern winters. If grown in a container, keep above freezing.
<u>Humidity:</u>	Humidity is not an issue in its culture.
<u>Watering:</u>	Moderate drought tolerance once established. If dry conditions persist, water when showing signs of wilt stress. In containers, water when the soil becomes visually dry. Be sure to thoroughly saturate the soil until some water trickles from the bottom of the pot.
<u>Fertilizer:</u>	Moderate to low levels of fertilizer. It is an herb and once established needs little, if any, fertilizer unless the soil is poor.
<u>Pruning:</u>	Generally plants are pruned back in late fall or early spring once the plant has gone dormant.
<u>Insects and Disease:</u>	Few problems with insects or diseases.
<u>Comments</u>	These mints are tough and resilient perennials that do best in a sunny location. They grow to 1 ½' or so in height and make wonderful border plants that flower over many weeks from midsummer through fall. A little attention to removing competing weeds and they are pretty much fool proof and the pollinators love them.